

Coming This Summer

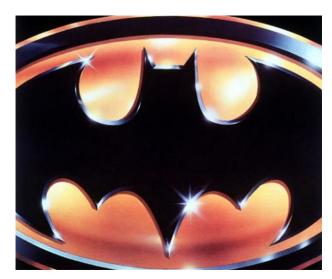




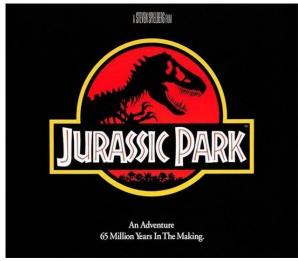
TWENTIETH CENTURY-FOX PRESENTS

ALIEN

SINK TOM SKERRITT SIGOURNEY WEAVER VERONICA CARTWRIGHT HARRY DEAN STANTON JOHN HURT IAN HOLM * YAPHET KOTTO * PARKER SEGRE ABOUR ROWALD SHUSETT ABOUR & GORDON CARROLL, DAVID GILER OF WALTER HILL SEGRE ABOLEY SCOTT 300 0 DAN O' BANNON & RONALD SHUSETT 3200,000 DAN O' BANNON, MIZ 8 JERRY GOLDSWITH

























Goals

- 1. Priority Skills
- 2.Inspiring Action
- 3. Setting the Stage











Evidence-based Family Engagement Parents & Educators Love to Use

ParentPowered creator of Ready4K



FACTInform & Motivate

FACT: The more kids tell stories, the better they are at writing them. When kids tell stories, they learn how to describe events and put them together.





TIP

Activities that fit into everyday family routines

TIP: As you eat, tell a story about doing something for the first time, like riding a bike. What happened? What did it feel like? Now it's your child's turn.





GROWTH

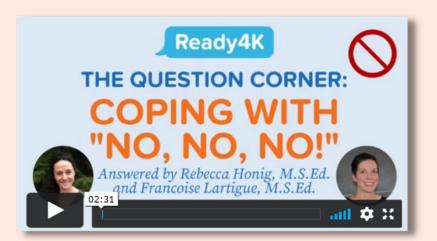
Reinforce, encourage, & extend

GROWTH: Keep telling stories. Now tell about a time you lost something. What was it? Did you find it? How? Now your child can tell about losing something.

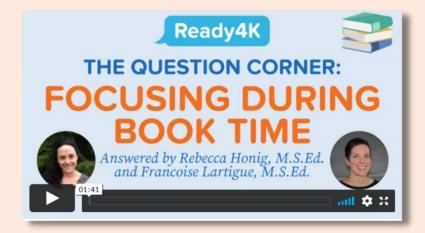












Positive Sense of Self





Why POSITIVE SENSE OF SELF

New Routines

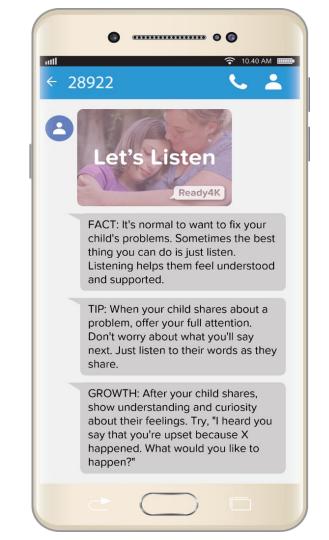
More Autonomy

Parent Positioning



Listening

- Open-Ended Questions
- Active Listening
- Storytelling



 If you got to invent a school, what would it be like?

 What's one thing you really want people to know about you?

14

 What are three things you'd do on the best day ever?





What is active listening?

Active listening means you're giving your teen your full attention when they speak. It's listening not just to their words but their actions and emotions too, As they speak, you're not thinking about your response or advice you'll give. Instead, you're working to understand their perspective and remember what they say.

And active listening means you're working to demonstrate that you hear them. How? By asking open questions, acknowledging their feelings, and sharing back what you heard them say.

When you are an active listener, your teen learns that it's okay to share. They learn that their thoughts and feelings are important to you. Active listening creates a safe and supportive space for them to tell you about their ups and downs.

HERE ARE SOME DETAILS ON HOW TO DO IT:



Be fully present. Set aside distractions like

phones and computers. As best as you can, try to just concentrate on what your teen is saving. Notice if you start daydreaming or thinking your own thoughts. If that happens, remind yourself to cue back into your teen.



Notice more than just their words.

Teens communicate in lots of ways-with their tone, face, body. As they talk, pay attention to how they are moving and sitting. Are they talking quickly? Slowly? These things can give you clues into how they might be feeling.



Practice patience.

Teens can tell long tales about their day or their experiences. They may not always make sense. That's okay. Avoid

interrupting and allow them to pause and think things through. It's okay if there are long silences. Your teen may just be processing their ideas. Giving them time to do this shows that you're engaged.



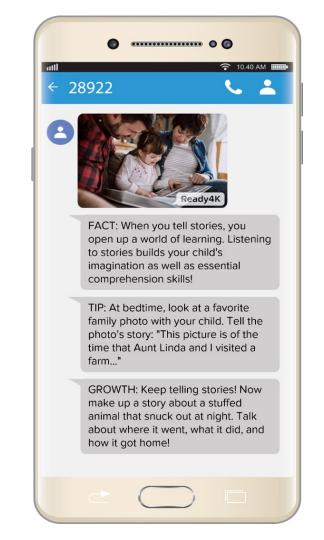
If you do chime in, do it with an open-ended question. For example, you might say,

"Can you tell me more about that?" or "What did you think about that?" or "How did you feel when that happened?" Teens can be especially sensitive to feeling judged by others. It's important that your questions feel genuinely curious.



Sharing

- Summer Playlist
- Photo Walk
- Post It



Sharing

What language or languages do you speak at home?

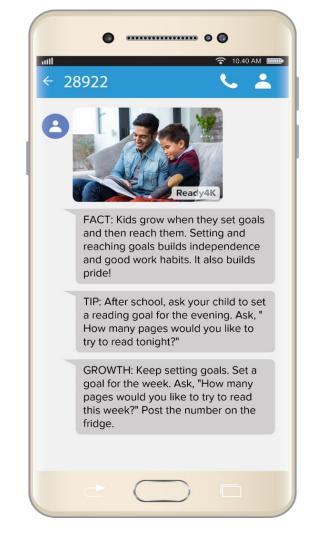
What are some songs that you like to listen to at home?

What countries are your relatives from?



Experiencing

- Trying New Things
- Taking Healthy Risks
- Setting And Reaching Goals



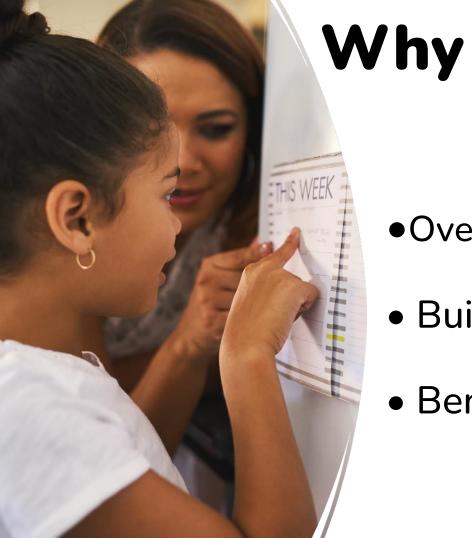
SUMMER GOALS

• What's one thing I want to get better at this summer?

• What's one new thing I want to learn how to do or try?

• What's my plan for getting it done?





Why TIME MANAGEMENT

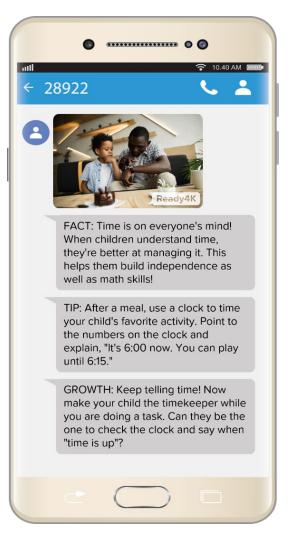
Overall Academic Success

- Builds Independence
- Benefits Parents & Caregivers



Games

- Timer Challenges
- Time Check
- Was that enough time?



Time Management Tricks

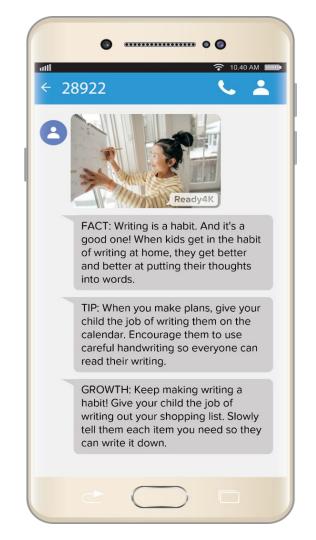






Calendar

- Calendar of FUN
- Builds Patience and Independence





Daily Checklist

Builds...

- Organization, Responsibility & Independence
- Confidence & Accomplishment

Limits...

Nagging & Excuses



Get It All Done!









Why Frustration Tolerance

Popular Demand

Huge Payoff

How do I get my child to calm down when they lose at a game?

My child freaks out over how their clothes feel every day. What do I do?

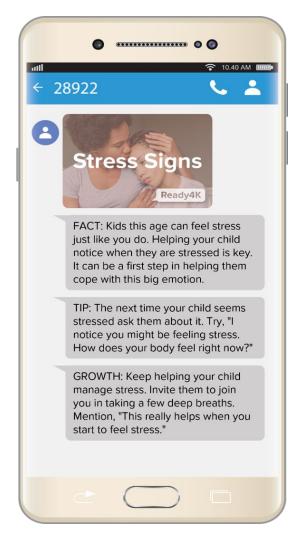
My child gives up after no time. How do I help?





Noticing

- What's the weather?
- See it, Say it





Ready4K

FEELINGS AND FRIENDS

WHAT'S THE WEATHER INSIDE?



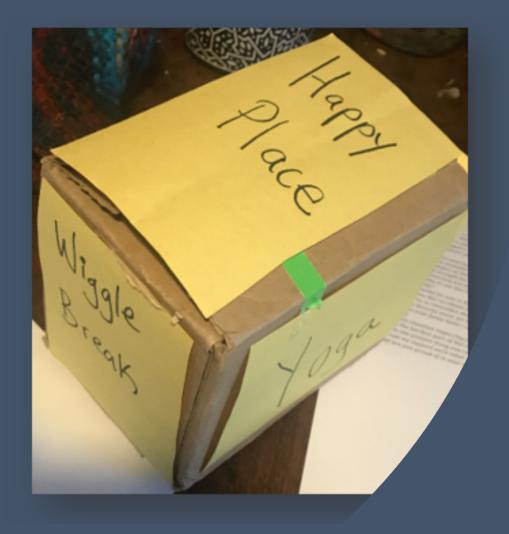




Calming

- Deep Breaths
- Stretch
- Picture It



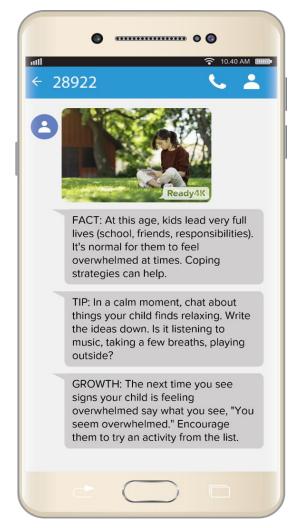


Calming Cube



Practicing

- They're doing it already!
- For a little extra:
 - Puzzles
 - How-to
 - Pass the picture







Why

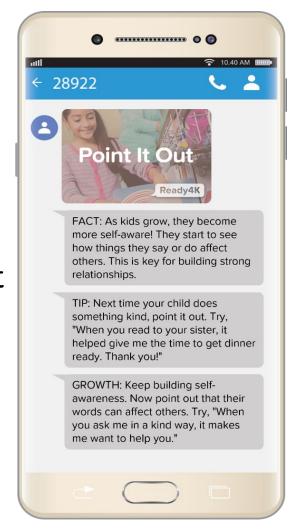
Perspective Taking

- Emotional Awareness
- StrengthensCommunities
- Built in the Moment

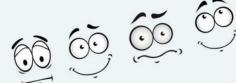


Say What You See, Name What You Feel

- Happens in the Moment
- Awareness & Words







Questions to Spark Conversations

A way to get started...



Look for Signs

Kids don't always say what they're feeling. Instead, you might notice they are having trouble sleeping, on are having bigger reactions to things. These can be signs that they are feeling some BIG emotions.

Say What You See

Mention when you see your child looking happy or sad, anxious, or mad. You can say things like, "I notice you tre stomping. Are you feeling a little ustrated?"



Assure & Connect

When your child is struggling with a big emotion, let them know that all feelings are okay. Then try telling them about a time you felt that way and how you go through it.





Detective Perspective

- Looking for Clues
- Asking Questions



Practice Perspective-Taking with Books





Cheerful Excited Friendly Proud Loving Delighted Optimistic Sad Tense Anxious Worried Concerned Timid Uneasy Alarmed Scared Frightened Thoughtful

Overwhelmed Fearful Peaceful Quiet Timid Nervous Calm Uncomfortable Embarrassed Disappointed Jealous Impatient Frustrated Annoyed Guilty Sensitive Confused Miserable Unhappy Devastated Worried Hurt

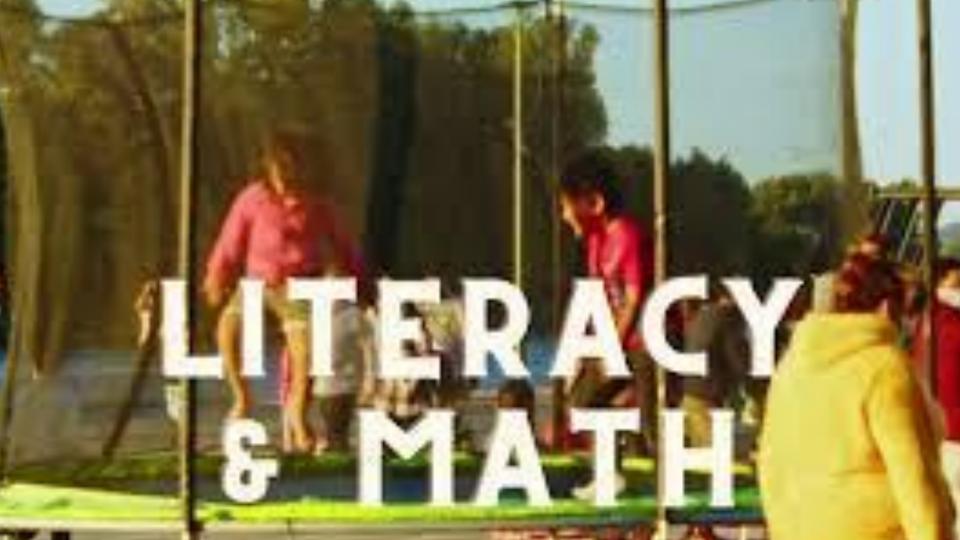


1. What just happened?

2. How does each character feel?

3. How would YOU feel?



























Give it the Blockbuster Test

For You

https://bit.ly/3ZkLBjC

Building Blockbusier Summer Skills



Hone your super powers to support at-home learning!

Use this guide to plan the key skills you want students to develop with their families this summer.

First, list the specific skill you want families to focus on.

Next, use the checklists and question prompts to make sure
the skill and suggested activity meet the "blockbuster"
test for relevance, accessibility, and fun for families.





Step 1: Determine if It's a Blockbuster Skill

Is the skill important enough to have a "starring role" in a family's activities	es?
ls the skill beneficial to families?	
☐ Is the skill doable and accessible for all families?	
Will families have the "props" they need to support the skill (knowledge,	

Will families get that "can do" feeling when they focus on this skill?

ParentPowered

"I've been waiting for something like this."

- Jana W., Pampa ISD

Summer complimentary

with your
2023-24 school year
ParentPowered program



bit.ly/40Xtxxm

